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What Makes A Criminal: A Look at the Trigger Factors in Mental Health

Criminal Minds in Mental Health

Why do people go to jail? What caused them to behave this way? What makes them different from everyone else? We can continue asking questions about criminal's mental health status, but we are never going to find an answer that suits us, simply because there are too many illnesses and few solutions to repairing the illnesses. In fact, some of the causes of criminal behaviors are seated on the criminal justice's doorstep. At the beginning of criminal justice came forth a bunch of so-called law enforcement groups that claim to bring forth justice.

The twisted theories including flogging, beating, hanging, dismembering, public humiliation, beheading, and the list goes on and on. Therefore, we can see the root of criminals start with the criminal justice system. We all influenced by someone else and if our superior examples are illustrating violence to others, what message are they sending to the world? In fact, the first-known psychopath was recorded in the early 1800s. This person followed the example of the justice system by behaving in manners inappropriately.

Howard owned his own drug store and worked around people each day, saving lives while taking other lives and destroying them. This is similar to the justice system strategy, since the law saves lives and takes lives. We can also take a look at the various serial killers in our history and see that these people flogged, hung, beat, mutilated, public humiliated his victims, beheaded, dismembered and so forth. While each killer was different from the other, in most cases each had their own strategy to kill and torture another human. The sad part is the law in these time-tortured individuals that committed less than a felony.

What a real bad example to follow, and today the law is still in some areas behaving in this manner. Rapists came in to play when the White Supremacist were allowed to rape the black race and get away with it. Although there was rape, cases before this era the White supremacist provoked sick behaviors in others as they followed closely behind the footsteps. We can ask why do people kill, and rarely find an answer since we must look at a mountain of history information to find out what the links truly are.

We know that people suffer mental illnesses and some are dangerous while others are not. We can also look at the criminal justice system and see that the system is a failure in many areas, and there are people in prison that are innocent or should not be there at all. We can look at all the examples in our history and see that these people are responsible for some of the behaviors and crimes that go on in the world today.

We can also look at the many minds that are locked up in the system to determine why they do what they do. We can also look at society and see how it operates and what part of responsibility they have in the many crimes and criminals actions. For example, what part do you think racism plays in mental health and crime? Well, I am studying criminal justice today

and I can tell you it plays a bigger role than most people believe. What part do the media play in mental health and crime?

It too plays a large role. Poverty is another major problem that links crime and mental health or illnesses together. When a person has no out, they often resort to crime, sometimes starting small and sadly most times leading to bigger crimes. However, we also have the white collar and blue-collar criminals. These people are not as special as they believe, since many criminals worked important jobs, maintained a family, and socialized in society.

In fact, many of the serial killers did not come from deprived homes as claimed by the law. In fact, few came from law bidding homes, and most times the person suffering is suffering because he is a child born from a hereditary nation of chaos. We can ask all types of questions but in one article we could never sum of the true colors, since the law, society, political, religions, history, mental illnesses and so on play a part in crime.

Antisocial and Psychopathic Links in Mental Health

How do Antisocial and Psychopathic Disorders in mental health boil down to one diagnose? Let us examine the symptoms carefully to see where this topic is going.

First, the experts use the diagnose Conduct Control Behaviors or Disorders before they diagnose a patient over the age 18 with Antisocial Personality Disorder. This particular disorder often has other underlying disorders that mimic the symptoms of the actual diagnose. The symptoms include but not limited to fire starters, truancy, theft, harming of people and animals, hostility toward authority, violent outbursts, dangerous sexual acts, willful or malicious destruction of property, compulsive-impulsive explosions, crime, and we cannot go any further than this simply because it will scare you out of your seat.

Now let us take a look at Psychopathic symptoms, which include, fire starting, bed wetting, harming or killing people and animals, explosive outbursts, conduct control disorders, inability to regard others, destructive, truancy, neglectful, sexual deviants, hostility toward authority, inability to show remorse or express emotions, impulsive-compulsive behaviors, criminal minded, and we can go on and on.

The problem is Antisocial Personalities, Sociopath Personalities, Histrionic Personality and Psychopathic Personalities coupled with a few others all CANNOT show emotions and never show remorse for their behaviors. If they do, it is SUPERFICIAL. Now we can see that mental health and the two different diagnoses link, simply because someone is confused in between. The differences between the diagnosis is slight, yet there is underlying sources that make them different, when in reality the two are the same and someone wants another prognosis to make additional cash off a patient suffering with mental illness.

Antisocial Disorder and Psychopathic Disorder are actually one in the same; the only difference is someone is searching for another tool to interrupt the first diagnoses. Instead of saying that a person has psychopathic disorders, they can add on Antisocial Personality Disorder, Psychopathic Traits and Tendencies and make a few extra bucks or spend a few trying to figure

out what is already in front of them. Now we can see the link, since one is an advocate of the other. This is also where the confusion comes in, since most experts are conflicting over the diagnosis Antisocial Personality Disorder.

They had the correct term from the get-go when they used Psychopathic. Psychopathic Personalities types are up on reality, their morals and social beliefs however is what determines their symptoms. They often engage in sexual exploits and are often gravely affected by the inappropriate materials. Pornographic materials are often the leading cause behind the mind of a psychopathic.

Few experts believe these people are drug addicts; however, this is not always true. Alcohol and drugs are often used for an excuse for mental illnesses, and the law and mental health experts are responsible for this excuse since these people are always accusing. The truth is these people often have hereditary traits and the behaviors are linked to genes. Not every psychopathic individual engages in alcohol and drugs, and the history recorded has proven this.

Therefore, when we are dealing with Antisocial and Psychopathic we are seeing the same personality disorder. I have first-hand exploited the mind of a psychopathic personality for more than eighteen years now, and did not see any evidence of drugs or alcohol. The individual was diagnosed both with Psychopathic Tendencies and Antisocial and having including many techniques I found these people can be controlled. It takes time, effort, patience, understanding, and a lot of tough love.

Therefore, not all psychopathic personality types resort to murder if only the system would put forth the effort to stop or else control the personality types. Most times experts will claim there is no treatment for these types of personalities, and often these leads to deadly grounds. The truth is the experts do not want to deal with in most cases and will wait until the person kills before someone takes the step to stop them.

Of course, it takes years to work through the symptoms, but in the long run lives are saved. If time is more important than a life then serial killers will continue killing. We need to stop this now before someone else dies.

Hereditary Plays a Major Role in Mental Health

Earlier Detection is important. Counselors are advised to heed warning of the signs and take action earlier versus waiting long-term. A child is brought into an office by his or her parent. The mother says my son takes interest in starting fires. He has showed signs of hurting animals and violence. The child has a bed-wetting problem and there is nothing I can do? Help?

These are signs that need to be taken serious. There is no logical explanation on the market that will explain the three symptoms related to psychopath and sociopath tendencies, traits, or diagnosis. What follows is the child's lack of emotional stamina. Counselors are advised to disregard diagnoses of a child until after the child turns a certain age. I feel that this illogical thinking needs to be evaluated further and investigated, since diagnoses are what help us to understand mental health.

If a child suffers psychopathic or sociopath traits, tendencies, et cetera, it is advised that the child needs to be treated accordingly in the earlier stages. The diagnosis should not be the most important issue, rather the symptoms should awaken the counselor. In addition, I will point out in this article, how hereditary is a key point in the diagnoses, as well as, awakening doctors to take further notice in links that may contribute to the diagnose.

The issues that needs addressed are that most serial killers are fatherless, and/or adopted. If we take notice of these two issues and work effectively in keeping families together, this may become a link in preventing further complex diagnoses. Although, this idea is not stating in no way that the two ideas are the base, it will shed new light on the problem. In addition, I feel that it is important that if a child is suspected of future dangers to society that the police and society should be warned in premature stages of diagnose.

I have a child who suffers psychopathic tendencies, I did this for him, and it worked. Seventeen years with this child has provided overwhelming insight. The article will also bring out intervention techniques that will guide both parents and associates to avoid harm. Psychopaths and sociopath view people as objects. I feel this is important to learn techniques that will prevent harm to persons around psychopaths or sociopath.

Becoming his or her object may save a life until help is available or time is available to inform the law or proper persons pertaining to his or her behavior. Current studies are looking more into the biological perspective regarding sociopath and psychopathic heritage. I feel that it is important that earlier detection will lighten the load if the patient is sent to medical doctors for extensive examinations of his or her condition.

Other issues will be brought out in the subject as well. I feel that warning the public in detection of suspicious behaviors will weaken a potential killer's chance at crimes. Psychopaths and sociopath are manipulative and this is an important key point to address in therapy and warning others. I feel it is important the proper sources take complete action in investigating a potential candidates and hereditary links to investigate possible genes that may connect the patient's status.

Bonnie Method: I will suggest that the Bonnie Method is used in the treatment of psychopathic intervention. This method will allow the clinician to use imagery and music to explore the mind. This will take 2-3 months for a basic understanding. Creative ways in teaching the audience: Basic creativity in teaching is always best. Many times students fail to understand languages due to sophisticated words.

While many people see in many forms, it is important that we take notice of this and teach the students in a form that will accommodate all. People learn best when they can understand what they are reading. No one can determine who in the class may be diagnosed, or not diagnosed with dyslexia, ADHD, ADD, or what have you that may hinder the patient's ability to understand.

Assistance of Clinical Inspiration: Inspiration comes for patients when counselors advise, direct, guide, and take interest in the patient. It is important the clinicians look for warning signs and do not ignore them. Clinician's jobs are to warn, educate, listen and analyze the diagnosis.

Impulsive Behaviors in Mental Health

Impulse Control Disorders are common in children today. There is not a person in the world that hasn't acted out impulsively, but when symptoms are reoccurring and consistent, you had better get help. Judgment plays a role in impulses and if the judgment is ignored in dangerous situations, someone could get hurt. Most patients with impulse control behaviors often act out against their better judgment and in many cases these behaviors has caused harm to others.

The person often does not have the ability to regard the law, society, him or her self, as well as others since once the impulse hits the person often acts before thinking. Often the patient with feel an intense feeling or stimulated force before acting out on impulse, and in most cases the patient is unable to disregard the natural instincts that tell them NO. In this article, we are going to peer into the minds of those that suffer impulse control disorders, by examining various diagnoses that include this interruption.

Starting with Intermittent Explosive Disorder, which if untreated is a DEADLY diagnose, simply because the person illustrates explosive behaviors. Patients with this type of disorder often have neurological and brain aberrations, which often include mental illnesses. Most patients with Intermittent Explosive Behaviors are highly dangerous and often have linking disorders and mental illnesses under the surface.

For example, after dealing with a child for 18 years, diagnosed with Intermittent Explosive Disorders, Impulsive Control Disorder, Antisocial Disorder (Conduct Control Disorder), Impulsive Control Disorder, Oppositional Defiance, (possible OCD/Schizophrenia) and finally Psychopathic Tendencies, I can tell you that you may not have help available. Many people will not deal with this type of individual, including professional therapists, psychologists, psychiatrists, and so forth.

In my case, I was told it was hereditary and there was no help available. It was true. Coming from the mouth of babes, the patient himself said, "No counselor can help." However, I found by illustrating persistence, NO Fear of the patient, useful tactics, reverse psychology, and other strategies proved valuable. This type of patient will abuse others almost to the point of death in some instances, bash your walls, bust up your windows, terrorize your home, hurt your animals, start fires and make explosives, engage in pornographic materials obsessively, laugh for no apparent reason, and walk around most times with a deranged look on their face.

This is only the beginning of what happens when you deal with this type of diagnosis. Most of the patients will explode in a rage of anger, destroy your material, and show no remorse for their actions. The patient may tell you those he blackouts during these episodes, which may be true in some instances.

From experience, the patient related to me that he had a good side and an evil side and said this repeatedly, and after looking into one set of the most devilish eyes imaginable, I am still investigating his words. The patient is often triggered by another source, so if you are dealing with this watch what you say, do and so forth. Learn the patient's triggers and avoid them at all cost. I've seen this person gets upset for no apparent reason, so it does happen, still avoid hitting his or her triggers is wise.

Impulse Control Disorders also include Pathological Gambling Obsessions. This type of activity is often uncontrollable since the person cannot control his or her impulses once addiction sets in. In most cases, these types have underlying disorders, including Antisocial Personalities, mood swings, alcohol/drug addictions, depression, possible OCD and other disorders.

They often resort to crime because of their disorders. Kleptomaniac often has impulsive behaviors, and cannot control their actions. Pyromaniacs are another type of individuals that have difficulty controlling their impulses. These types take pride in setting fires and watching them burn, and will sometimes develop a severe case and extend their fire setting practices beyond the comforts of their homes.

Most Pyromaniacs have issues with substance abuse, self-esteem, inability to adhere to authority, and other related symptoms. If you notice someone sitting around the house, watching a lighter burn and laughing you might want to pay closer attention to this person. Some pyromaniacs show slight symptoms while others are more severe.

Mental Illusions

Mental health has many illusions that it is why it is often difficult to sort through the rumble. In mental health, we have to deal with bipolar on many levels, panic disorders, depression, trauma, and other more difficult diagnosis and symptoms. It is often difficult since when we look at the various mental illnesses we also have to look closer at the underlying elements of the diagnosis. Underlying elements such as childhood trauma plays a large role in many diagnoses today.

We also have to consider the many elements that are linked to mental health, including influences of the past and influences in the current times, including history, law, religion, and so on. All diagnoses regardless of the similarities are treated differently, since we are all different. Delusional disorders for example, require careful attention since the symptoms include separate elements and since it has a couple of different levels of complexity.

For example the "persecutory type" endure suspicious behaviors, which include believing that someone is out to get them, feeling of cheated in life, feel they are mistreated and will often include the law and justice system in their delusional behaviors. Delusional disorders are difficult simply because the patient is often schizophrenic acting yet distinct of the characteristics and symptoms that schizophrenias illustrate.

Some patients with delusional disorders have a grandiose personality, believing they are better than anyone else is in the world. The patient may attempt to convince another individual that he or she was cheated, mistreated, robbed, and may believe he or she has power that no one else has. Since minimal research results have been provided on this diagnose it is even more difficult to understand. Most delusional disorders are categorized by schizophrenia; however, it is rarely diagnosed as schizophrenia.

We could also conduct an overview of cognitive disorders and see that although they appear simple in form, they are complicated. Delirium for example has symptoms including, lack of

awareness, short tension spans, wandering communication, rambled speech, and so forth. The patient often skips in and out of reality. To determine if the diagnose is delirium a counselor must rule out other possibilities including, psychotic, dementia, schizophrenia, and other related diagnoses. Other diagnoses such as histrionic personality disorders are even more difficult to deal with.

Although the person rarely suffers hallucination, they are often illusion in their way of thinking. The person often believes illustrates superficial characteristics in emotions, and will become aggressive even violent if they are not the center of focus. In other words if you are not paying thorough attention to a histrionic you had better watch your back. Often histrionic types play a role acting out a personality that does not exist, and will shift moods often.

If you see a person laughing and carrying on one minute, and then turns violent, you might be dealing with a histrionic personality type. Histrionic types are never the culprit they are often the victim according to their state of mind. As you can see you are dealing with a very twisted mind here, and to take the person lightly is asking for nothing but trouble.

Histrionic personality types play many games, but when you are the game player, there are potential dangers involved. Histrionic types will go at great lengths to prove everyone wrong. Often these types of individuals lack the ability to show emotions at a normal state. We can also peek at the narcissistic personality disorders. These people are similar in contrast to the histrionic in the sense they too are grandiose.

They illustrate behaviors that include self-promoting, and often lack the ability to regard others. Often this type is demanding, and often has difficulty in relationships, since every one is the bad guy. Looking at both histrionic and narcissistic personalities, we can see the similarities, which make it difficult for anyone that is evaluating the patient.

The professional evaluating the patient must also rule out other diagnoses including, Borderline Personality Disorder (BPD), Histrionic Personality Disorder, as well as other underlying disorders. The many mental illnesses that we face every day are often difficult and when new studies find more information on the illnesses it becomes even more difficult to understand.

From Hallucinations to Delusions Mental Health

Mental health is tricky since there are many types of diagnosis, including personality disorders, cognitive disorder, mental diseases and so forth. To understand mental health fully is nearly impossible, but there are many answers to questions that many have since all of us directly or indirectly are affected by mental illnesses. Some disorders, diseases, or cognitive impairments may cause a person to hallucinate or become delusional.

Other diagnosis may include less severe symptoms. Anxiety disorders for example cause the patients to worry obsessively, sleep disorders, inability to focus, tension attacks, distress, headaches, and so forth. The most severe symptoms in this disorder include obsessive-compulsive behaviors, anorexia, phobias of socializing, hypochondrias and so forth. Patients that suffer anxiety disorders may result to alcohol, which creates another problem to find relief.

Anxiety disorders are often linked to other types of disorders including, adjustment disorders, depersonalization disorder, and so forth. Some researchers believe that anxiety disorder is a direct link to hereditary, while other philosophers will dispute this notion. As a rule, anxiety is brought on by a series of failures, losses, and so on, if this patient is incapable of handling common stressors it can affect the nervous system and cause frequent anxiety attacks.

Once the person is affected with anxiety, other symptoms often following simply because the person is somewhat disconnected from realism. Panic disorder is similar in that it shares common symptoms as anxiety disorder. Patients with panic disorders often suffer intense panic attacks, sometimes agoraphobia, depression, and other related problems. The most severe symptoms of this disorder are feelings or tendencies of suicide, obsessive and compulsive behaviors, substance abuse, heart, and other related issues.

Anyone that suffers either or panic/anxiety disorders is subject to physical disabilities. Social Phobias are also common amongst many men in the world, but has also affected children and women. These types often fear embarrassment and will often avoid public encounters since their fears bring forth anxiety attacks. Social Phobias prevent success for most patients since they have difficulty working in society or complications with shopping, and so on.

Each of the disorders listed in this article affect the patients both mentally and physically and in some case patients have died from heart attacks since there level of coping was over surpassing. Often people that worry excessive subjects the heart to dangers. It is vital to manage these types of illnesses to prevent further complications. Posttraumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD), as a survivor I can tell you from first-hand experience that this disorder is complicated and extremely stressful.

Posttraumatic stress is a result from trauma, rape, combat, terrorist attacks, and other types of disasters. In this case, the patient often relives the trauma through repeated flashbacks. The disorder before experts began evaluating it was known as "war shock." The patient often suffers from re-occurring nightmares, night sweats, and often avoids noises, such as popping sounds since it often sounds like cannons going off.

Most posttraumatic patients detach them self from society, since many in the world regularly show concern about the disorders, and will often trigger the patient. Often their thoughts, emotions, feelings, sense, are all desensitized, and often the patients suffer lapse of concentration. They often suffer sleeping difficulties, and are extremely vigilant to the surroundings. Some patients with posttraumatic stress demonstrate serious outbursts when triggered, therefore it is important that you treat such patients as a dedicate flower, handling them with care.

They often suffer episodes of depression, acute stress, panic, disassociation, and other types of symptoms. Each person is different, but some patients with posttraumatic stress may even illustrate suicidal behaviors or even explosive behaviors. Since posttraumatic symptoms are related to many other types of disorders, it is important to evaluate the individual carefully.

Posttraumatic patients often have difficulty interpreting others when they are speaking also. Many of the patients that suffer posttraumatic stress disorder often result to alcohol to relieve

their misery. This only intensifies the diagnosis, and the patient is stepping backwards in recovery.

Posttraumatic stress disorders have various levels, with some cases more severe than others do. Persons of all ages, genders, nationalities, class, and so on are subject to posttraumatic stress disorder since it is often developed from traumatic experiences, whether the person witnesses a violent crime, is assaulted, or what have you.

Mental Health and Schizophrenia

Schizophrenia has plagued our systems for many years. Today, mental health experts are finding more cases of schizophrenia than they counted in the past. Schizophrenia is nothing to play with, and anyone ignoring this diagnose is only throwing fuel to the fire. Schizophrenia has several levels of diagnostic symptoms, yet anyone with schizophrenia should be treated IMMEDIATELY.

If you know anyone with symptoms including Paranoid, Paranoia, Hallucinations, Voices, and so on, contact a professional RIGHT NOW! Do not wait, since the more schizophrenia develops the more others, including the patient are at risk of dangers. I am a survival of a father that suffered Paranoid Schizophrenia, and anyone around these people are subject to danger, pain, suffering, misery, and more. Not only does this type of patient suffer, anyone around them will undergo tremendous pain and suffering.

Common words that schizophrenia's relate to others is, "they are coming to get me," or they tell you that the CIA/KGB is out to get them. Hallucinations affect the sensory in the sense it conveys messages or else nerve impulses to the sense organs, and singles the message to the nerve centers, thus creating a suspicious force.

Therefore, the patient is often suspicious of everything that is near him, including objects, people, places, things and so forth. Once the suspicion sets in, (if they do not drive you crazy by this time) they may act out violently believing they are defending. Next to a psychopathic or sociopath, schizophrenias are nothing to take lightly. Since the TWIN area of the brain is affected, and the mind is broke off from reality most times, it is important to treat these patients immediately.

Medication in this case is needed to prevent episodes of schizophrenia. Schizophrenias often hallucinate when they observe things around them, perceive sounds that affect or trigger their symptoms, smell orders, taste, and even sense or feel things around them. Researchers for years have been astounded by this diagnosis, and are struggling constantly to find answers to the many questions regarding schizophrenia. I won't go into great detail, but in some cases when schizophrenias are saying they are coming to get me, we might need to step back and evaluate this common saying more closely.

Hallucinations are similar to or the same as psychotic breaks, since the patient often loses contact with reality. The voices often tell them (dangers alert), which is often untrue. One example of a Paranoid Schizophrenia episode can be seen with the Oklahoma Bomber. If you

notice anyone around you that laughs for no apparent reason, shout at the air, constant muttering during periodicals, covers ears, and so on, this person may be a victim of schizophrenia.

Most patients with schizophrenia are often suffering by the age of 13 and up, and most times a patient is not treated until later in life, simply because professionals play around with debate. This is because certain symptoms of schizophrenia are found in other types of disorders as well. The downside is when a schizophrenia is not treated early they often break off into paranoid mode and this is when the diagnosis is at its most dangerous stage.

Schizophrenias often reason with the voices. If they begin hearing the voices in their head, (Schizophrenias have voices within the mind) the patient may claim the voices are from God, Satan, or even an alien. The visual perspective of schizophrenia breaks is slightly similar to the voices. Often schizophrenias believe that are sensing or seeing others around them talking when they are not. They may tell you that the KGB or the CIA came to the door, when it the deliveryman dropping off a package.

Many professionals today are claiming that mania or depression has symptoms similar to schizophrenia. Voices are an example that professionals are claiming affects depressed or bipolar patients. I second-guess them since I've been around schizophrenias, depressed individuals as well as bipolar patients, and from experience, I believe that the latter are suffering thought processing patterns that are misunderstood as voices.

Anyone with depression, bipolar or mania often suffers suicidal tendencies, which is not common in schizophrenia. Schizophrenias would much rather kill than die, although there has been few cases reported of suicidal behaviors.

Defining Schizophrenia for the Everyday Person

Schizophrenia is a brain disease that disables a person from everyday functioning. Understanding what schizophrenia is and the different characteristics behind it will often allow someone to help someone who is suffering from schizophrenia. Because this is a serious, mental illness, it is important to know what is involved in schizophrenia.

Schizophrenia is known as a brain disease that slowly begins to function one from normal functioning. From this disease, one begins to confuse realities and will begin to carry strange behaviors and personalities. From this, the person who develops schizophrenia is unable to function at a normal level.

Schizophrenia may be a result of several different factors. Several say that it is a result of genetics that run in the family. It is said that several genes that are combined together will cause schizophrenia in someone. Another reason why schizophrenia may develop in someone is because of problems that they may have had at birth. Complications that stress out the fetus often result in schizophrenia developing later on.

Another possible reason for schizophrenia is because of neural transmitters that move into the brain. Communications between nerve cells may cause the chemicals in the brain to shift and result in schizophrenia. These are only a few of several factors in which are being considered in relation to schizophrenia.

One of the early signs of schizophrenia is a constant state of confusion. This is then reinforced by sudden changes in behavior and personality. Several who are developing schizophrenia will often times do things that are out of their normal character. This will then lead to hallucinations and delusions that they believe occur in certain situations or at certain places. For instance, if one who is schizophrenic is in a certain situation, they will begin to believe that there are things or people around the area that aren't really there. This can be done at several extremes.

As a result from this, they will begin to withdraw from friends and loved ones. This is not only because of the delusions, but also is a result of paranoia over what they believe these people can do. Often times, the delusions that are occurring are in relation to the person believing that they are a victim of a situation. Once schizophrenia worsens, it can produce problems with speech.

Disorganized thinking is another part of schizophrenia. Those with this disease will be known to jump from one subject to another with no connection. They will also not be able to put their thoughts together on one topic. This is a result of the hallucinations as well as the states of confusion that those with schizophrenia have developed.

Often times, those with schizophrenia will have uncontrollable feelings of fear and anger. This is often a result of the hallucinations that begin to occur. Often times, those with schizophrenia will feel like they are being victimized in several different situations. This includes the feeling that they are being persecuted or conspired against.

Those who have schizophrenia may respond in several different ways in order to control or minimize their thoughts. Several will turn to drug and alcohol abuse. Dependence on several external forces becomes dominant with a schizophrenic. You may also notice that the behaviors and personality shifts are not consistent in one who is suffering from this brain disease. Many times, suicide is one of the results from those suffering from schizophrenia.

Schizophrenia does not have a set treatment to it yet. Those that are experimenting with schizophrenia are still trying to find the exact cause of the disease as well as a balanced way to treat the symptoms. However, there are several different medications that can be used to reduce the symptoms that may be occurring.

Before one decides to do this, it is important to look at the side effects, as well as the long term effects that may occur. Several will decide to go through rehabilitation or psychotherapy instead of being treated by a medication.

Schizophrenia is not a multiple personality disorder and is usually not dangerous to those around them. By understanding when someone is schizophrenic, and knowing what they are going through, you can help them and reassure their fears from the hallucinations and

problems that they are having. By understanding the traits and behaviors of one that is schizophrenic, you can help them in adjusting to a somewhat normal life.

Schizophrenia: Signs to Watch for

Schizophrenia is one of the more detrimental mental illnesses that occur among people. The word schizophrenia literally means scattered mind. This problem can happen rapidly or over a longer period of time. If you think that you know someone who is developing schizophrenia, you can look for certain signs. By doing this, you can catch the problem in its earlier stages, allowing the person to be able to move back towards living a normal life.

The first signs of schizophrenia as a mental illness usually occur between youth and young adulthood. However, the disease will not be completely functional until later on in one's life. By recognizing schizophrenia when one is a young adult, it can be easier to treat. However, schizophrenia can take place in anyone's life at any given time.

One of the first things that are recognizable in schizophrenia is disorganized thinking. Usually, one who is developing schizophrenia will jump from subject to subject. In relation to this, the topics that they are thinking of will not have much relation to one another. By not being able to organize their thoughts, it shows that the person is having a hard time perceiving the connections that are apparent in relation to reality.

In relation to this, it will seem that what the person is saying is not coherent to you. The speech is often times so disorganized that sentences are rearranged or not said completely. Another part of this is that several will speak in abstract terms instead of being grounded in their thoughts and what they mean by them.

Another sign that you can notice with those that are developing schizophrenia is in relation to hallucinations. These may not be as apparent as other parts of the characteristics, but are important in defining the problems of schizophrenia. These hallucinations are usually triggered by the person thinking that they are a victim of a certain situation. Several will feel that there are conspiracies moving against them or think that someone is trying to murder them. They will act on these hallucinations as though they have already happened.

As a result of these hallucinations, one with this problem will begin to get paranoid of people and their environment. They will often withdraw themselves from situations and people in order to make sure that the threats that they are seeing do not come into full effect. By seeing someone withdraw from a situation, and feeling paranoid about people and places, it is a certain sign that schizophrenic or other paranoid mental disorders are beginning to become dominant in their life.

Another thing that will become noticeable with the development of schizophrenia is the change in personality. Often times, mood swings will occur. Behaviors that is not common for the person will be another part of this. A person may be in a certain situation and be happy and content. The next minute, they may seem sad or angry with the situation. There will be an

inconsistency in these emotions as well as in reactions to them that come from the person who is suffering from schizophrenia.

Physically, there are also several things to look for. Schizophrenia means that the person is scattered in their minds way of thinking. Listening to speech structure is one way of noticing this. You can also look for the way that one is dressing. If it seems that they are dressing inappropriately on a consistent basis, then it is important to look more closely at the other things they may be saying in relation to this.

On the other side of schizophrenia are the negative responses that may be apparent with someone with schizophrenia. This may include a lack of motivation and emotion. It may seem as though the person experiencing this disorder is absent from the surroundings or conversations that are occurring. Often, those with schizophrenia will move between being overly moody and not expressing moods at all.

Schizophrenia is a recognizable and treatable symptom. The earlier you can catch the mental illness, the easier it will be to begin to solve. By looking at physical changes that are present in one, as well as behaviors that are occurring and thought processes, you can recognize the problems that one is having with schizophrenia.

Signs of Psychosis: A Summary of Symptoms

With those persons suffering from psychotic disorders like schizophrenia and bipolar disorder life can be faced with many challenges. Treating acute outbursts and continuing treatment so relapses will be less or not happen can be a full time job for those affected. Each individual is unique; no one will have the exact same symptoms as another but one or more common warning signs is likely to be evident.

There are several common warning signs of psychosis that the person and those closest should be aware of. Some of the signs and symptoms are just like other mental illnesses, such as depression. Other signs may be more aggressive or apparent to those around the person. One needs to be aware of the difference between a normal phase or bad day and the warning signs of psychosis. Sometimes they look the same. The psychotic symptoms won't go away with a few days or week they will just get worse as time goes on.

- Sleeping too much too little, or any other major sleep change
- Withdrawing from family, friends, and other enjoyed activities
- Difficulty understanding what the person is saying
- Lack of speaking, not having much to say about anything
- Expression of emotions diminishing, acting like a robot instead of a person
- Hoarding objects or rummaging through other belongings
- Wearing strange clothing or inappropriate combinations of clothes
- Suspiciousness or hostility
- Diminished motivation and lack of any enthusiasm
- Decreased ability to concentrate or focus on anything

Having strange behavior that makes no sense
Think that people are after them or trying kill them
Hearing voices or seeing things that others can't see or hear

Common signs and symptoms of psychosis typically are having delusions and/or hallucinations, and very strange atypical behavior. These persons may see, smell or taste things that appear to be real but which are not being experienced at that time by anyone else. People who have hallucinations often try to find an explanation for what is happening they don't people to think they are crazy.

They may invent and attribute them to beliefs that others may see as strange, which are called delusions. Many people believe that the voices are coming from the television or someone has their home bugged, speaking directly to them. They tend to believe someone is plotting against them and are trying to turn everyone away from them. The voices may be critical and abusive. This kind of distorted thought pattern could cause very severe anxiety or paranoia.

Psychosis may also involve 'mania', when a person is in a very excited energetic state. There will be increased energy and physical activity, racing thoughts and speech, which may be confused and irrational. Or alternatively the opposite may happen and the individual may become extremely withdrawn, inactive, perhaps neither moving nor speaking for long periods. Most medical professionals use a cluster of symptoms that last for long periods of time to diagnose most mental illnesses, like schizophrenia or manic depression.

Sometimes an individual may have symptoms of both these conditions together. This will involve many episodes of psychosis in which the person affected loses touch with reality. They can experience very high or low moods that affect the way they behave and react. Some people will only experience one 'psychotic episode during their life and other people will have recurring episodes at different times during their life. Every person with a mental illness is different and there is no way of predicting how many psychotic episodes and individual will have.

It is very important to seek professional help right away if someone is in one of the above-mentioned states. Hospitalization and medication might be needed if the individual is out of control. They might try to harm themselves or others, call 911 for assistance. Do not try to force the individual to go with you, it could make the symptoms worse and people could be hurt. Recognizing the symptoms early enough can help avoid a crisis, and get the individual help before symptoms worsen.

During a crisis remove all dangerous objects out of immediate reach and call a mental health professional right away. The important thing to bear in mind is the safety of the affected individual and any other people that are present during the episode.

Mentally Deranged

What is mentally deranged? Mentally deranged patients are often filled with hate and animosity and will often demonstrate a series of disturbed behaviors. If you want to know the fine lines between sane and insane when you meet deranged you will no the latter. Generally, deranged

individuals are trapped in their own state of mind, believing unethically that the world is gone mad. There is a fine line between sanity and insanity, and this is often discussed in the courts and in mental health.

A Psychopathic mind is said to be sane, however the individual often is deranged, meaning disturbances often incur that create chaos for everyone else. According to some definitions, insanity is caused by syphilitic alteration of the mind, which in turns causes dementia and paralysis known as general paralysis of the insane. The term general paresis defines insanity. According to the term's definition syphilitic, this venereal disease spreads throughout the body and affects the brain killing cells in the body and causing major physical interruptions.

According to the law insanity is when a person does not know the difference between right and wrong and cannot remember why he or she is in court. The later is under investigation, however if a person is deprived of the ability to determine right and wrong, then he or she is said to be insane. Insanity in psychology is deeper than both versions as defined and simply much more difficult to comprehend. Now we can peek inside the minds of the many diagnosis to learn deranged minds and insanity.

For example, let us peer into the mind of a sexual sadism patient, which is not evident the patient is insane. We know that this person has a sexual disorder, which includes visionary/hallucinations/illusionary/delusional fantasies. We know that this person is not in reality. We know that this person has compulsive-obsessive behaviors, simply because pornographic materials are triggers to these types of disorders and the patient probably has a house filled with such inappropriate mush.

The patient enjoys and will indulge in rituals that include mortification, (destroying persons coping mechanisms, including self-esteem, confidence, et cetera). The patient also enjoys burning of the flesh, whipping, torturing, battering, mutilation, and sometimes annihilation. This destructive, deranged mind will act out or think obsessively on this related pains and sufferings during sexual release. Meaning that the patient is sexual gratified at the intensity of the acts of hate and violent noted in this article.

Therefore, this patient is deranged in state of mind and therefore we must reevaluate the fine lines of insanity and sane. Sexual sadism is often found in individuals with sexual disorders, including diagnoses psychopathic personality disorders. There are several types of sexual deviations, including pedophilia, frotteurism, exhibitionism and so forth. Each diagnose has a degree of derangement, one more so than the other. Since we know that derange is hate, we must evaluate many minds before we can determine the sane from the insane.

Cults are often geared and will commit crimes of hate therefore, these people are often deranged. Insanity? Maybe. but who is willing to step across those lines, since an insane individual can commit a crime and often be institutionalized or released. Psychotics or psychosis is another form of derangement in the sense the patient breaks off from reality temporarily and hears voices outside the head telling him to kill.

The voices are different in the sense they may not always tell the patient to kill. This type of personality is dangerous simply because you never know when an occurrence will take place or

eruption and you never know what the voices are saying. Therefore, if the voices are telling the patient to kill and the patient has no sense of reality.

All mental ill patients are not mentally deranged; however, there are exceptions to the rule. After studying human behavior ongoing throughout my lifetime and study psychology, biology, chemistry, science, and other areas, I have concluded my own definition of insanity and sane. Scientist is constantly beating down definitions, making it difficult to relate to mental health. Therefore, it is time someone brings to light what mental illness really means and who is sane and insane.

Multiple Personality Disorder and Posttraumatic Stress

Multiple Personality Disorder and Posttraumatic Stress Disorders are often linked, since patients with MPD are severely abused survivors in all cases as a rule. Multiple Personality Disorders often have symptoms, including distinct personalities, including different genders, or ages, multiple signatures, different IQs, personality types, amnesia, voices within the head, frequent nightmares, the us of we when referring to self, outer body experiences and so forth.

The patients are often left alone in the world since rarely does the researchers, experts, philosophers and so on have enough information put together to understand this diagnoses. As a survivor of both Multiple Personality and Posttraumatic Stress Disorder, I can tell you in most cases do you ever hear the truth in full about multiple personality disorders. The distance between Multiple Personality Disorders and other common disorders is that MPD patients will fight against lying, strive for accuracy, and enforce precision.

As a rule most female patients are rarely violent, however there has been known cases of male patients that were sent to prison for rape, robbery, and other crimes. The fact is the patient was merely acting on a "Projection" and "Interjection" that was sent to him by another alter. In other words, the patient is reliving a horrific moment that probably including rape, robbery or other crimes, and acted out on his visual actions. This means that the patient was thinking that he was fighting, or retaliating or reenacting what the perpetrator did to him.

I am not writing many details about Multiple Personality Disorder since I have an upcoming book going on the market. Any information about Multiple Personality Disorder will be provided in great details in my book, I am afraid to close my eyes, when I open them, I might not be me--the Black Demon.

Multiple Personality Disorder is a REAL disorder without fictional characters, as many believe. The personalities, including child alters, adult, teen, elderly, are all sub parts of an actually human being that was traumatized beyond a persons ability to cope with trauma. Multiple Personality patients often suffer anorexia and bulimia; they may also suffer from sleeping disorders and discomforts. Some of the personalities are stronger than others, and most all multiple personality survivors are artistic and highly creative.

Multiple Personality patients are also extremely intelligent. This diagnosis takes years to relieve, and most therapists will avoid diagnosing a patient even if he or she has two or all of the

symptoms of multiple personality disorder. Multiple personality patients also have difficulty with medical treatment, since the blood rates raise and lower, MRI can find seizures one day and nothing the next, respiratory rates often flounder, and some alters may even be blind. The person often goes through life with this disorder, and when they reach a certain age, shattering beyond coping begins.

This is when Integration needs to take place. Integration is the processing of sending the alters to an area of the mind for permanent stay. Once the Integration process is completed, most MPD patients are lost in the world. After living an entire life with "families" within, and then all of sudden coming into a corrupted system all alone with little support, is it any wonder they often hate life after Integration.

The people often feel a sense of loss when Integrated, since the only family they knew and loved is now sitting comfortable in the chambers of their mind, while they have to deal with all the lying, stealing, controversies, work, and other life stressors alone. The personalities once Integrated can still communicate with the patient, however it is never the same. Most MPD patients also have posttraumatic stress disorders, since trauma from early childhood and throughout their lives is the ONLY reason MPD develops in the first place.

There has been many arguments on this controversial disorder, but the fact is, it is real and we must face the truth of its diagnose. The many controversies that has swept the market is often linked to criminals that used this diagnose as an excuse to get away with crime. Had the system been informed and accepted MPD as a real disorder, they wouldn't have been so naïve as to believe just anyone claiming to have Multiple Personality Disorder, and would have stopped the defendant at the front door.

The Deviant in Mental Health

According to statistics the deviant in mental health is always, the professionals since these people are striving to submit their patients to the so-called norms. The so-called norms are said to be people that conform to a standard set of rules, and often believe similar in contrast. This means that everyone is everyone else and few are who they really are. Mental health is overrated in many instances. For example, if a counselor believes one way he or she will not falter at the voices of the patient's belief.

If the patient believes that he or she is physically ill and the counselor see no evidence of the claim, the professional will often take for advantage that the patient is ill. However, if the patient goes to the doctor, tests are run, and then the who is the deviant. The game of cat and mouse is always played in mental health and mental illness since everyone wants to be right. Is it any wonder mental illnesses are increasing and counselors are sitting in their comfortable chairs trying to figure out what is going on?

Anyone that goes to a mental health professional is almost certain to receive an instant diagnose. The intake worker alone will evaluate a patient searching for evidence that complies with the Insurance coverage. They will then ship the patient over to a therapist and possibly

onto a psychiatrist. The chain never ends. Too many times when patients visit a therapist the professional will take for advantage that he or she is educated and the patient is a misfit.

They often will talk, but listening is minimal. First, it takes years if not a lifetime to treat a patient with paranoid schizophrenia, and most times the patients are covered with Medicaid/Medicare and neglected throughout the course of treatment. Mental health experts are in constant battle trying to find answers to many questions. Today there are experts admitting that listening to the patient is proving more fruitful.

It is time we all look at the problems going on in the world and start taking it more serious, rather than disregarding the problems. It is a shame that too many mentally ill patients are sitting in jail, simply because someone did not listen and no one did anything toward finding a resolve. Mental illness as defined is a series of minds that manufacture behaviors that are reworked copies of a social existence. According to studies, the behaviors of mental ill patients often infringe on the so-called normal society.

One of the most common traits in mental illnesses according to professionals is denial. Here is where we stop. Denial > Mentally Ill > When a counselor makes a mistake in many cases they put the blame on the patient or faulty teachings.

Few rarely take responsibility for their wrong. Political--When the leaders of the world make mistakes they often search the world for someone else to blame....Religion--When religious leaders are persecuted or else wrong, many find a way to blame the victims or candidates involved. When society makes mistakes, they often find someone else to blame. When the law makes mistakes in most cases, it's always someone else's fault. Denial. I think you better taking a deeper look at who is in denial, since patients sitting across from a professional asking for help are admitting there is a problem.

There are many areas we can review, but the deviant is not always sitting across the room looking into the eyes of a mentally ill person. We can also look closer at the so-called norms of society and see they have their own set of problems. If we all conform to a set of beliefs that has proven failure, what makes the person (s) think they are mentally stable.

If people are sitting down letting everyone around them control their lives and rarely standing up for their own beliefs, who says they are mentally stable. Mental illnesses go deeper than many are aware, since nearly everyone in the world is suffering some type of abnormal behavior copied from other behaviors. Someone else influences everyone; therefore, we all lost our values and morals somewhere along the way.

Me, Myself and I: The Secrets of Multiple Personality Disorder

Multiple personality disorder is a symptom that is caused by one believing that they have two or more identities. Personalities of one person will split into several different personalities that take in their own identity and way of living. While multiple personality disorder can range in functioning and severity, it is always important to know what lies behind multiple personality disorder.

Multiple personalities will often take control over someone's behavior when they are in situations that seem traumatic. At a lesser level, this is also known as disassociation. This causes a person's thoughts, emotions, memories, feelings, actions and identity to be removed from functioning normally. This will then cause personal history and memories to be affected or lost. As a result of this disassociation, a different type of personality will take place of the person.

Often times, each personality will be associated with different situations. There are several reasons why multiple personality disorder begins to take place in someone. It is usually a result of repressed emotion, as well as a defense mechanism that is attached to that person. For instance, if someone has been through an early childhood trauma, they will often create a separate identity that is able to handle the situation. They then are able to remove themselves mentally from the situation because it is too hard to handle.

One of the major types of traumas that are associated with multiple personality disorder is child abuse or sexual abuse. One or more personalities take care of the situation, while the child is able to remove him or herself from the situation, protecting from the actions that are taking place. There are also several reported cases of things such as traumatic group events taking place causing the disassociation and personality disorder.

Multiple personality disorder will begin to be noticeable later on in life by that person. There may be situations or emotions that cause the person to immediately swing back into the defense mechanism that was created early on. By associating these memories with the present day, a separate identity will automatically appear and take care of the situation that seems threatening to them at that time.

One of the factors that is part of a multiple personality disorder is in relation to the memories that these different personalities are triggered by. While these different personalities come into play as a result of the memory, they are still not often recognized by the person who has the disorder. Because the personalities were brought in to deal with the traumatic situations at an early age, the abuse that was experienced is often blocked with this person's memory.

This makes it even more difficult to recognize as well as heal. If you ask the right person, they will not be able to tell of any traumatic events that have happened.

One of the hard parts of multiple personality disorder is that it is not as easy to treat. It is hard to find the symptoms of someone who has multiple personality disorder. Because of the complication of the personalities, they will not necessarily come out in a therapist session because it is not the right situation. They may also sometimes not be referred to as an extra personality, but more like a mood swing.

If you believe that you, or someone you know, has blocked out memories and as a result has produced multiple personality disorder, then it is important to get help. There are several psychotherapists that can help you in recognizing and overcoming traumatic experiences. There are also certain medications that can be used.

There are also several support groups that are available if you are struggling with multiple personalities. In order to begin healing from multiple personality disorder, you will need to move back to the traumatic event that caused the disassociation, then learn how to cope as well as move forward.

Multiple personality disorder is a way in which one disassociates traumatic childhood experiences in order to protect themselves mentally. As a result, disassociation towards the event as well as the feelings that were attached to it occurs. This is a way of one coping with the problem at the time. Depending on the severity and extremes of the situation will cause the result of the personality disorder occurring.

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